





are you ready to journey through space with our two heroes, Cadence and Bolero, and learn all about music in the process? This program introduces students to basic musical concepts such as dynamics, tempo, pitch, and ensemble work. Each session is guided by an original fellow-created story book that features two space adventurers who travel to new planets to discover different soundscapes, followed by a related musical activity and theme song. activities include making a "rain storm", using shakers, drums, and other percussion instruments, and working together as an ensemble to create music.



ARTIVITY FOR WEEK 1, "RAIN STORM" Lesson: Dynamics

This activity is intended to educate students on the concept of dynamics, or whether a sound is loud or soft. It consists of a series of sounds that students create as a group to imitate rain and thunder. No materials are required for this activity as all sounds can be made with their hands and feet.

TO BEGIN: Have the students sit cross-leaged in a circle.

STEP 1.	To start the "rain storm", ask the students to softly rub their hands together. The friction
11150 US	should sound like gentle drops of rain.
C72A 9	Ask the students to snap their fingers, if they are able. Students who are unable to snap
STEP 2:	their fingers can continue rubbing their hands. This sound should be louder than the
	first, but still relatively quiet.
STEP 3.	The students will clap their hands, softly at first, with a gradual increase in volume.
JUST 98	Encourage them to listen to each other and match the volume level of their peers (No
	one is clapping too loud, everyone can be heard.).
step 4:	Next, they will tap their thighs with their hands, then the floor. Depending on the type
JIGF 78	of floor, this sound could be rather loud.
STEP 5.	The loudest point in the storm is created by the students standing up and stomping on
JIGT 98	the floor with their feet. For added effect, the teacher can flick the lights at the apex of
	the storm to create "lightning"!
STEP A.	Repeat steps 1-5, in reverse order, to simulate the gradual decline of the storm. When
JJJ55 08	they reach step 1, encourage them to try to make the softest sound possible and fade to
	nothing.

AFTER THE ACTIVITY: Encourage the students to think about dynamics by asking the following questions:

- Which sounds were the loudest that we made?
- Which were the softest? Which sounds were in between?

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